



You may ask yourself:

- 1. Why do I need a toolkit?
- 2. What do I get out of it?
- 3. How can I work with it

Here you will find the answers.

toolkit briefly explained

01

purpose

Why a toolkit? Because...

...every project, in every country has its own characteristics. Until now, new approaches have been developed for each project, whereby similar methods are used differently. This increases the effort and complicates comparability. The toolkit should take up as many characteristics as possible, generalize them and thus be universally and broadly applicable. The toolkit can serve as a framework for the identification and description of LNOB across countries and projects.

02

your benefit

How it might help you

The toolkit is designed to relieve you of work and enable you to work more efficiently on projects. Complex methodical work is reduced. Even non-professionals will be able to collect data on LNOB more easily. Your work becomes comparable with others and vice versa. This increases the level of knowledge of all actors.

The toolkit consists of several modules that can simultaneously serve as knowledge base and practical guide.

03

flexible

Future-proof and expandable

The toolkit offers several flexibilities. On the one hand, it can be used on different spatial levels. It can be used from very small-scale to national projects. It is also applicable to different LNOB groups.

On the other hand, the toolkit is easy to set up and can therefore be simply expanded in the future with tools, tool evaluations, question blocks and addressees. Project specific modifications of tools and questions are not only possible but probably required in many projects.

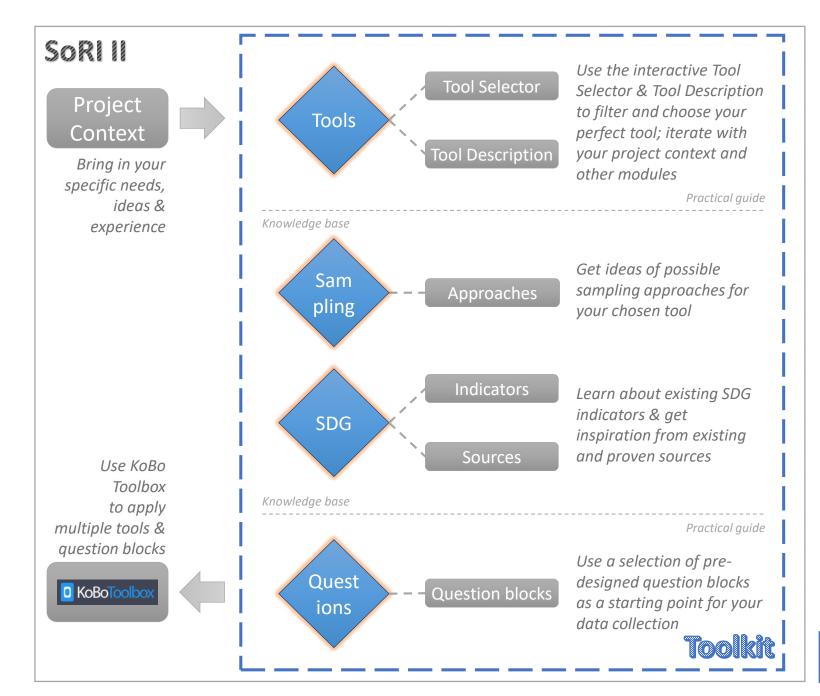


toolkit Modules



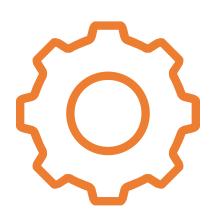
Multiple Features

The **toolkit** offers you several modules that you can use individually or in combination. The individual elements are stored and available in several files.





Toolkit details



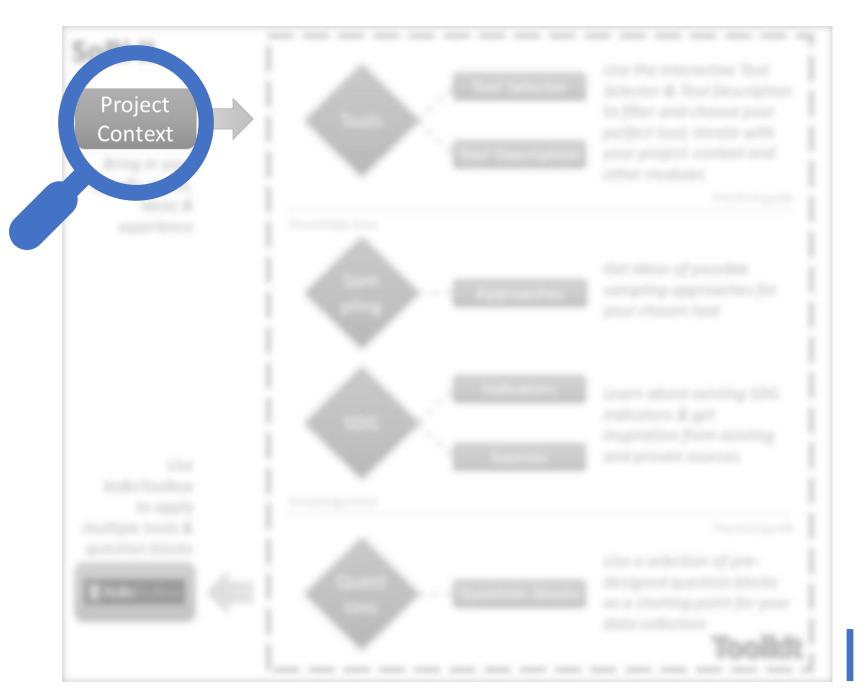
complexity

Projects can be wonderfully diverse. They take place in different countries, address different target areas and groups, are equipped with different resources, etc. The **toolkit takes this complexity into account** as much as possible. But it cannot overcome them all!

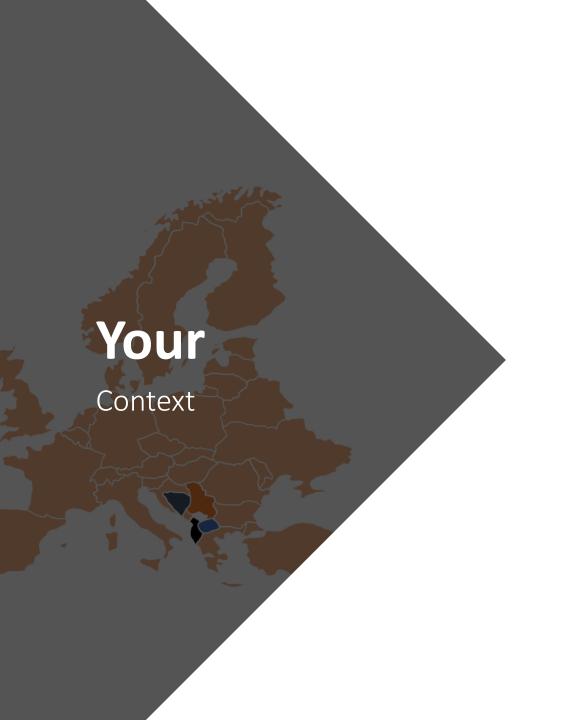


toolkit details

Project context







It is all about

- Your needs, your ideas
- Your experience and skills
- your goals and expectations

What you need can differ because of

- Different countries and cultures
- Different paths you want to follow
- Different target groups you are aiming at
- Different resources available

project map



North Macedonia

Population: 2.08 million

Area: 25,713 km² Municipalities: 81

Albania

Population: 2.86 million

Area: 28,748 km² Municipalities: 61

Kosovo

Population: 1.86 million

Area: 10,877 km² Municipalities: 34



Population: 3.50 million*

Area: 51,209 km² Municipalities: 143

Serbia

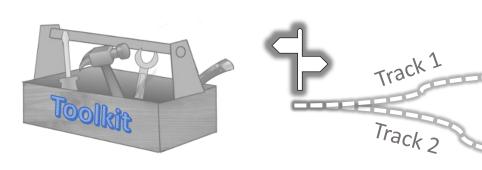
Population: 6.96 million

Area: 77,474 km² Municipalities: 145

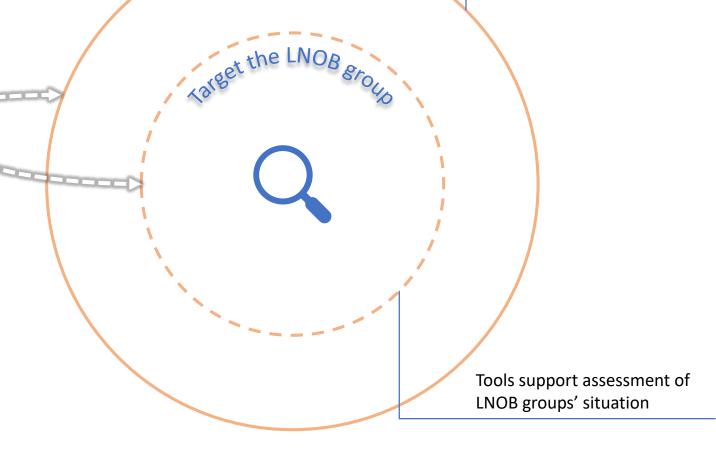


target group and area

Tools help to identify areas where LNOB groups live

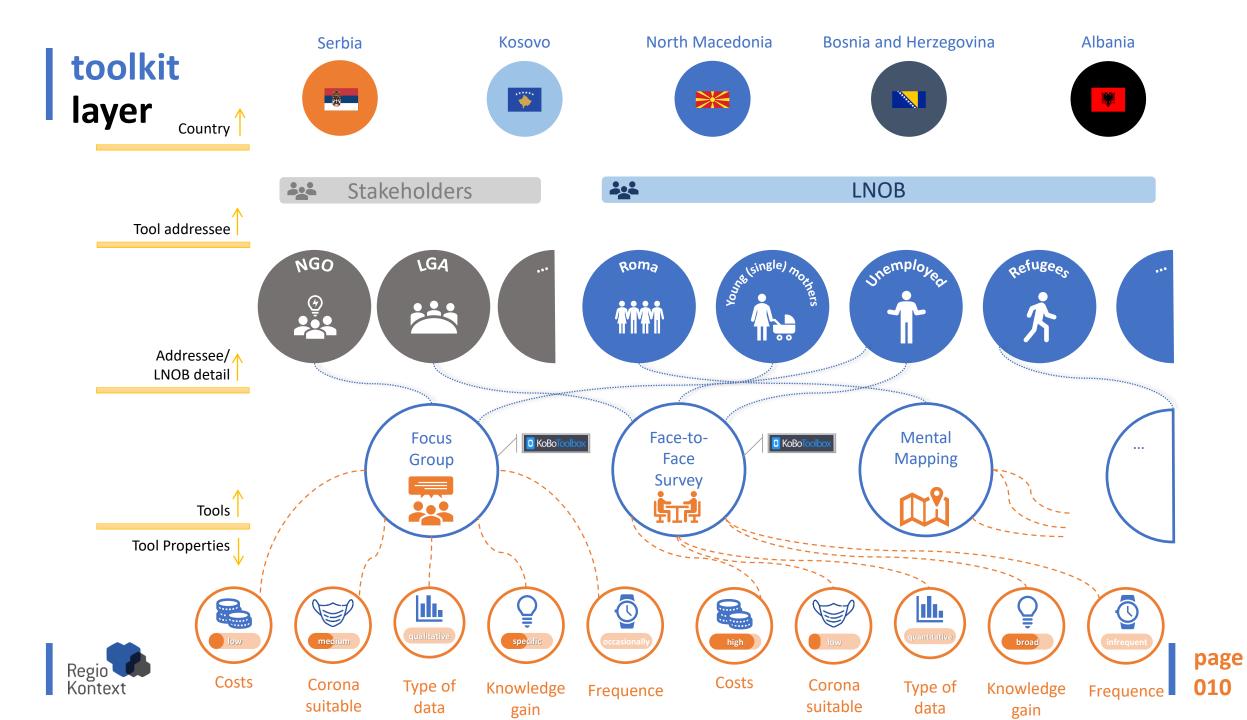


- Within the SoRiII project, the toolkit should allow for:
 - identify areas where LNOB groups live
 - Assess LNOB groups' situation
- Depending on the respective projects and their characteristics, many tools can be used for both ways/tracks



Target the area







To make it easier to select the best tool for your project

- there is an interactive tool selector available
- You can use the pros and cons on previous slides + Short description in the Excel File
- Consult the toolkit knowledge base

Interactive Tool Selector

How to use

- Use Excel 2016 or newer to use Interactive Tool Selector
- Select the desired properties in the filters
 - use Filter cards or
 - classical Auto-Filter to do so

See/use the tools that remain according to your selection







Adequate survey sampling might be a challenge. But:

- You can do it!
- You can find some guidance in the toolkit
- You can try to find additional expertise

Sampling

General Remarks

Sampling of populations is the fundamental basis of almost any sample survey. The sampling procedure and the information obtained from a sample is often the data basis of social mapping projects and the basis for political decisions. It makes planning and decision-making more evidence based.

Don't get lost. Taking samples can be a demanding task. It is complex. Use the experience of trained experts and/or read the paper that is part of this toolkit to familiarize yourself with important aspects.

use guidance

make it count

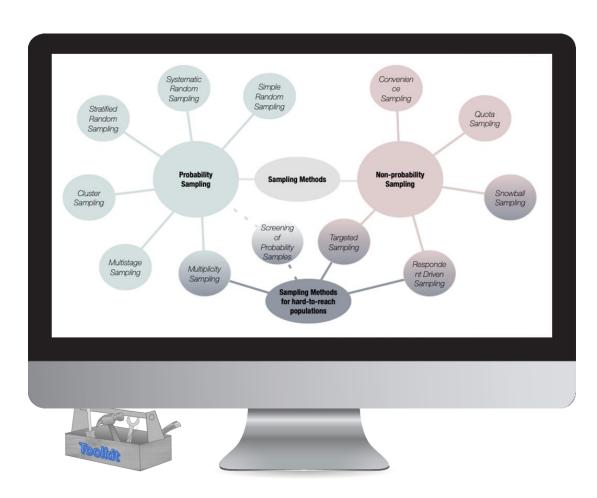
Representativeness is a good thing. If you achieve it, great. Though, other techniques of sampling that cannot claim representativeness also have their place and can lead to valuable results.

respect the law

Comply with binding laws on data protection and data handling. Collect only data that is needed ("data economy")



Sampling in the toolkit





Design data sampling

The toolkit provides you with a short introduction to sampling and the link to the other modules.



Sampling Process Steps

Learn about the different components of the survey process that can run in parallel and be iterative.



Techniques of Sampling

Get an idea of probability and non-probability sampling, the corresponding techniques and their advantages and disadvantages.



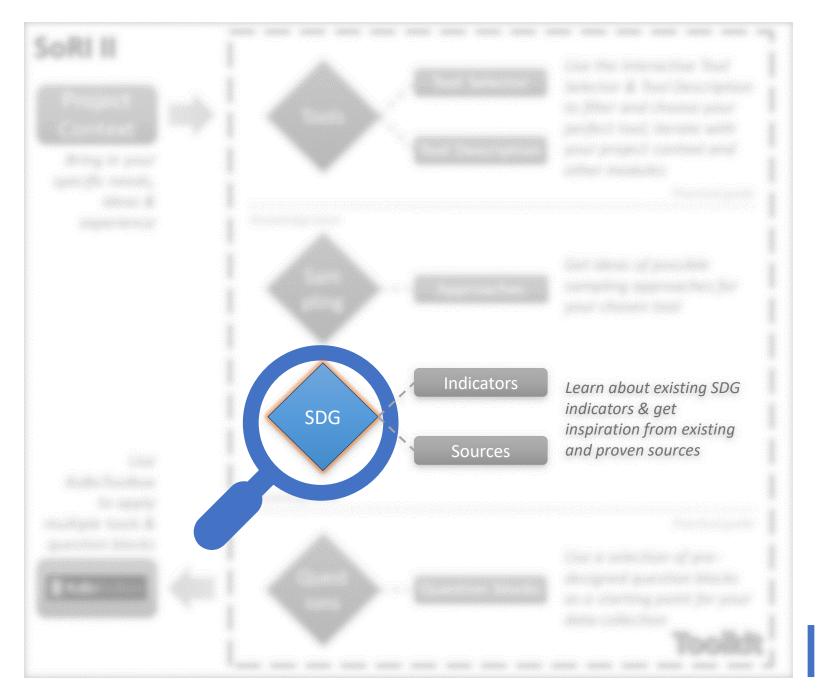
Literature

If you need further advice, you will find some hints for further reading in the document.



toolkit details

SDG







It is almost impossible to connect LNOB questions directly to the SDG.

Yet, it is wise and to some extent necessary to keep an eye on the SDG when working on LNOB and social mapping.

SDG

Indicators & Sources



17 indicators

With hundreds of sub-indicators to measure success and failure on the way to the goals of the Agenda 2030



get an overview

Within the toolkit there is an overview of existing indicators that can help you with the project perspective



Sources for deepening

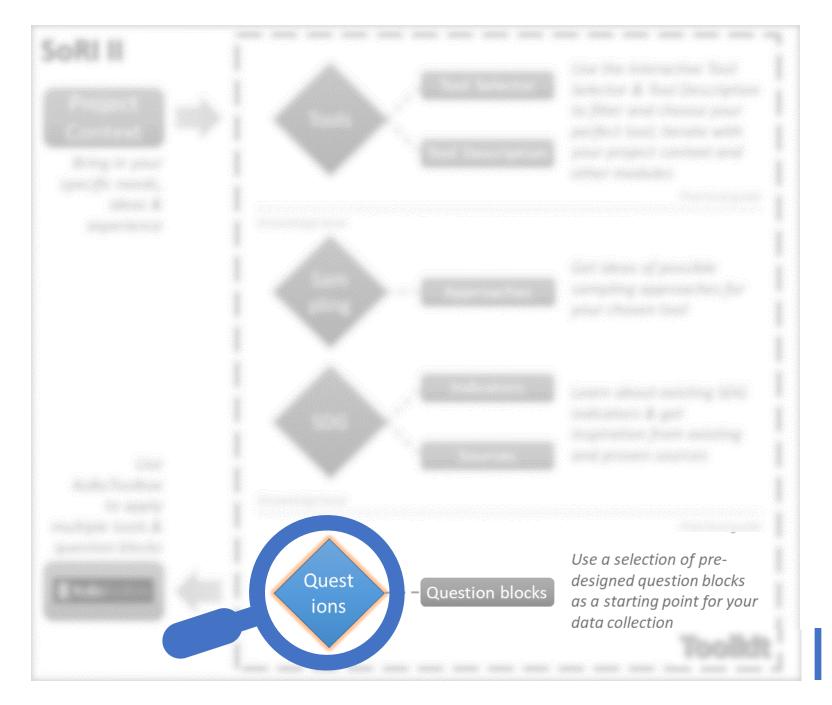
The toolkit comes with a selection of links that can lead you to further sources of inspiration and information.





toolkit details

Questions



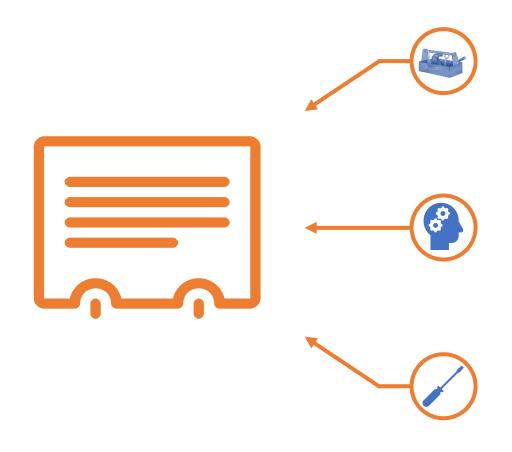




The toolkit offers you a wealth of social mapping questions in the field of LNOB.

Choose the questions you need and create your own survey that suit your needs.

Questions in the toolkit



Use toolkit questions

Build on a prefabricated set of questions. This helps to make different projects and their data output comparable. For all five LNOB factors, the toolkit provides questions to choose from.

Questions are also available in KoBo Toolbox.

Develop your own questions

Even if the toolkit addresses different LNOB factors, it is never possible to integrate all possible and project-relevant questions in advance. Use the knowledge base of the toolkit as a possible starting point. Add more of your own questions if you need them.

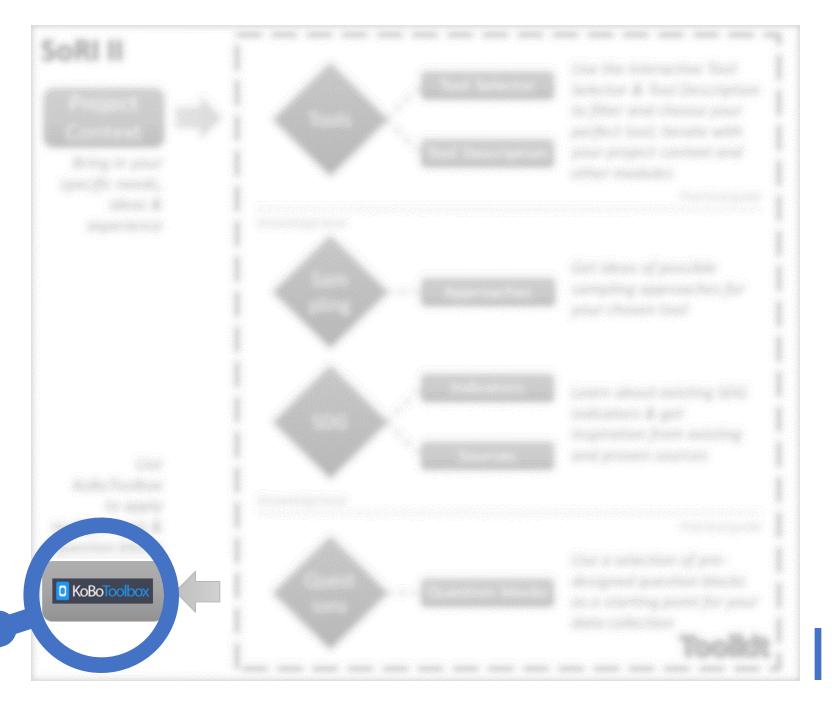
Modify if necessary

The prefabricated set of questions is oriented on a face-to-face interview setting. Of course, when using other tools in the toolkit, it may be necessary to modify and reformulate the questions, e.g. to adapt them to a focus group situation or an online survey.



toolkit details

KoBo Toolbox







The toolkit offers a link to KoBo Toolbox.

- The tools have been assigned whether or not they can be transferred (to a certain extent) to the digital survey tool "KoBo Toolbox".
- Questions of the toolkit have been stored in the KoBo Toolbox library to allow easy access and use.

KoBo Toolbox

Question Library (Work in progress)

